

A sequel to THE MARIJUANA CONSUMER'S AND DEALER'S GUIDE

make **DMT** in your kitchen • new simplified process



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TO MAKE D.M.T. IN YOUR KITCHEN

MATERIALS 1 liter tetrahydrofuran*; 25 gms. indole; 50 gms. oxalylchloride; 100 gms. dimethylamine; 3 lbs. (1½ liters) dry ethyl ether; 20 gms. lithium aluminum hydride (LiAlH_4); benzene; methanol; technical (undried) ethyl ether.

Lithium aluminum hydride may be ordered from Metal Hydrides, Inc., Beverly, Mass. (cost 100 grams \$20).

The other chemicals are best purchased from small companies (listed in any city telephone directory) because large companies report people to the narcs after selling them these substances. Some large companies will do anything to win government contracts for which small companies stand no hope of competing.

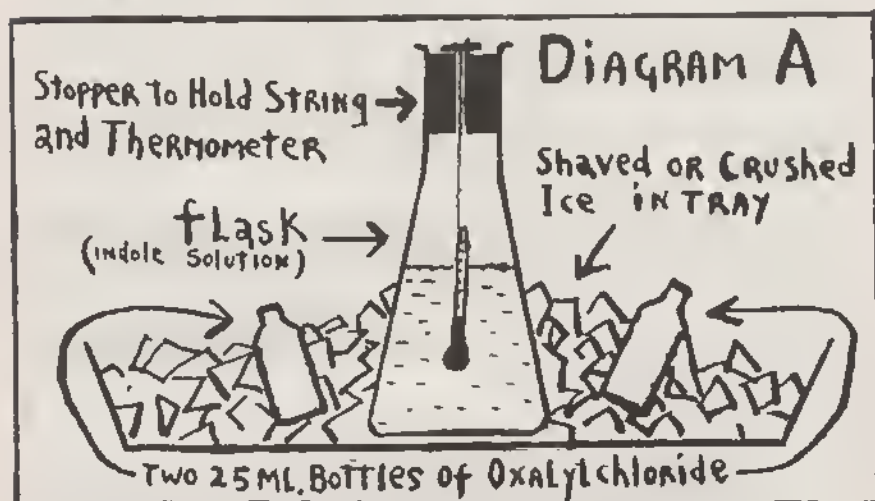
EQUIPMENT A 2000 ml. flask or a 2 quart mason jar; glass funnel (preferably 8.5 cm. Bruchner funnel); filter flask and trap; a vacuum source (a forced water suction pump is cheap and easy to come by—about \$25 at any surplus store); an 800 ml. flask or a one quart mason jar; a 100 ml. graduated cylinder; filter papers; a few small flasks or drinking glasses; some rubber tubing; a few short pieces of glass tubing; a few two-hole rubber stoppers to fit filtering flask and funnel. All of this equipment is inexpensive and available at any equipment supply house.

PROCESS

- 1.) Dissolve 25 grams of indole with 1 liter (1 pound) of dry ethyl ether in a 2000 ml. flask or 2 quart mason jar.

* Dioxane is often used instead of THF. It is a quicker solvent in step 19, but due to its poisonous nature I vehemently discourage its use. Also, the end product made with dioxane is harmful if injected. You can warn people of this, but surer than hell some fool is going to shoot it. In a situation like this I feel that the burden of responsibility falls upon the manufacturer to protect needle users from their own folly.

- 2.) a. When dissolved cool the solution to 0°C or as near as possible in an ice bath as shown in diagram A. This step should take about 30 minutes.
- b. At the same time also cool 50 ml. of dry oxalylchloride to 5 degrees below zero centigrade in ice bath.

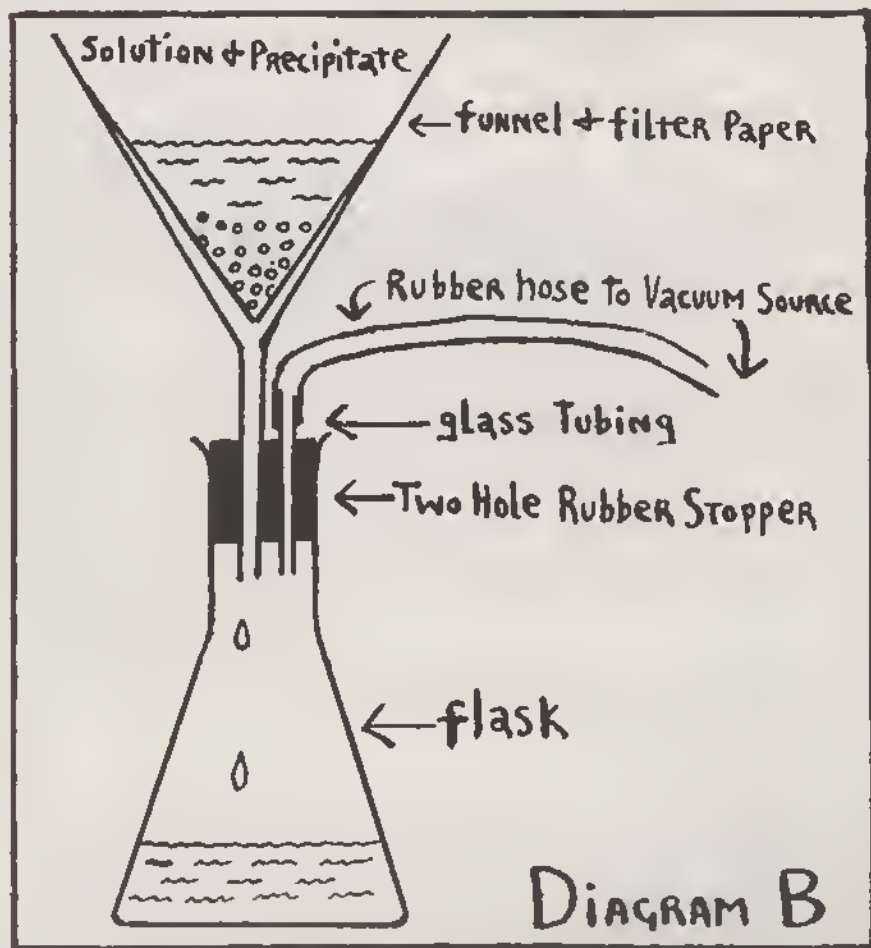


- 3.) Add oxalylchloride to indole solution very slowly.

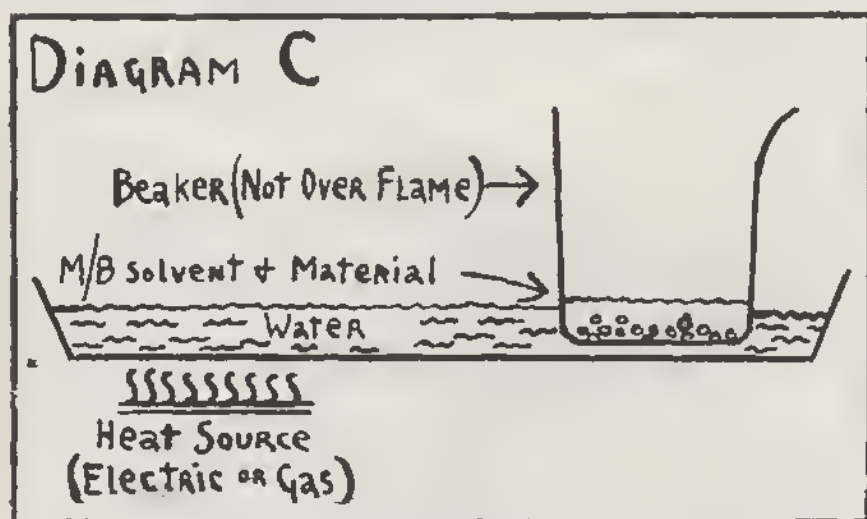
WARNING: The reaction of these chemicals is very violent. Be careful to avoid boiling over or splattering. Oxalylchloride reacts with moisture to form hydrochloric acid. Avoid humid days. Avoid breathing of fumes. Protect eyes. Avoid contact with skin.

- 4.) Allow this solution to sit (in ice bath) while reaction subsides. Wait until all bubbling has stopped. Then add a few handfuls of table salt to ice bath to cool it further. Label this solution A.
- 5.) a. In a 500 ml. flask cool 100 ml. of dry ethyl ether to 0° centigrade in salted ice bath.
b. Cool unopened 100 gram bottle of dimethylamine to 0° centigrade in salted ice bath.
- 6.) Break glass tube seal at base of dimethylamine bottle and carefully pour in a steady stream into the ether. Do not let the dimethylamine gurgle or back up the narrow tube of its bottle or it will boil over because it is super-volatile. Label solution B.

- 7.) Slowly add solution B to solution A.
- 8.) Remove this solution from ice bath and bring to room temperature by stirring vigorously. Do not try to raise temperature by heating.
- 9.) This completes the first stage of the process, and results in a white precipitate. If the precipitate has orange streaks in it stir until it becomes as near to pure white as you can get it.
- 10.) Filter off the precipitate by suction and flask as shown in diagram B.



- 11.) Pour technical ether over the precipitate and filter it by suction and flask.
- 12.) Repeat washing with ether. Then repeat twice more washing with water.
- 13.) Allow this substance to dry on a *non-metal* plate.
- 14.) In a graduate mix 100 ml. of benzene with 100 ml. of methanol (methyl alcohol).
- 15.) Place solid material from step 13 in an 800 ml. beaker and cover with about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of methanol-benzene solvent.
- 16.) Heat beaker in water bath as shown in diagram C until all the solid material is dissolved. Add more solvent if necessary.



- 17.) Allow to cool. Upon cooling needle-shaped crystals will form. If they do not then scrape the inside of beaker with a stirring rod and add a small amount of petroleum ether.
- 18.) Pour off as much solvent as possible without disturbing crystals. Then place wet crystals in a dish and let them dry out. This can be accelerated by placing it about 2 feet from an electric heater or heat lamp. This should leave about 25 gms. of dry crystals. This completes the second stage of the process.

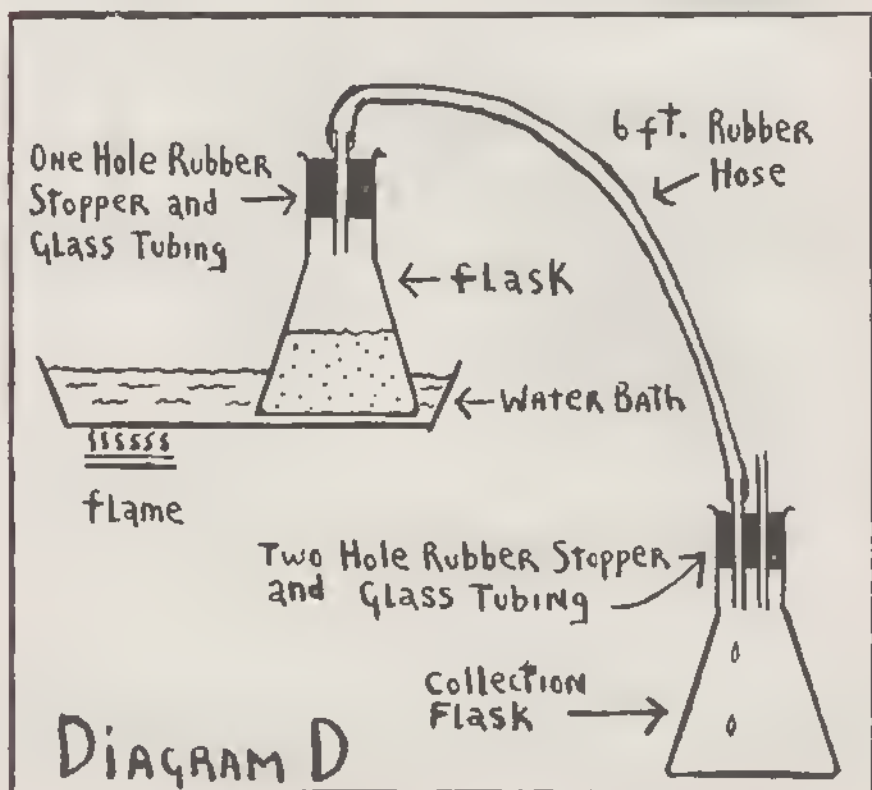
19.) Place these crystals in a 1000 ml. flask and add enough tetrahydrofurane to dissolve them. This may take considerable stirring. If more tetrahydrofurane is needed add a little but not more than is necessary. Label this *solution A*.

20.) Put 200 ml. of tetrahydrofurane into a 500 ml. flask and slowly add 20 grams of lithium aluminum hydride. Label this *solution B*.

WARNING: *Lithium aluminum hydride ignites upon contact with moisture. Do not use on humid days. Do not inhale dust. Protect eyes. Wear rubber gloves.*

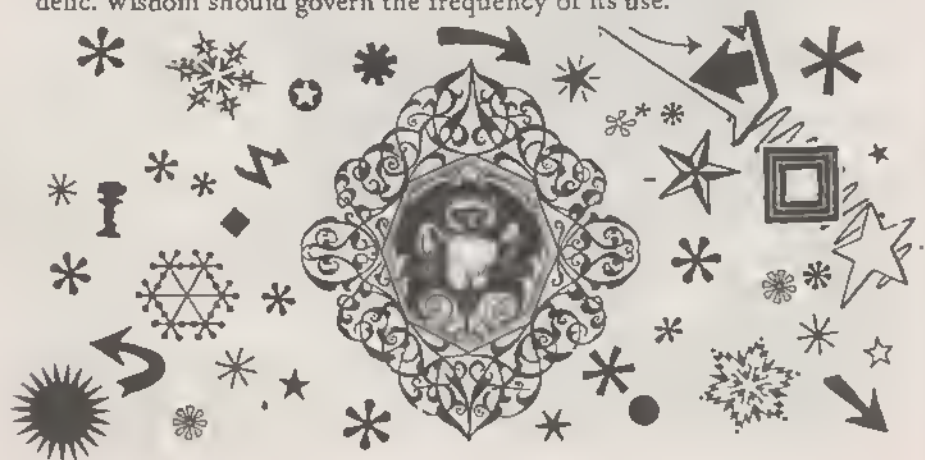
21.) Slowly add solution B to solution A and stir vigorously.

22.) Heat flask in water bath for about 3 hours and stir vigorously for 2 minutes every 15 minutes. When solution is not being stirred keep aspirator tube in place as shown in diagram D.



- 23.) When this procedure is completed allow flask to cool at room temperature for about 15 minutes. Then place flask in ice bath and cool to 0° C.
- 24.) When solution is cooled add a small amount of chilled methanol a little at a time while stirring gently until a white precipitate appears.
- 25.) Pour this liquid through a paper filter in a funnel and collect the filtered liquid in a flask.
- 26.) Pour about 100 ml. of tetrahydrofuran through filter and collect liquid in same jar.
- 27.) Heat this liquid in a large beaker in a water bath until most of the THF is evaporated off and a thick gooey substance remains.
- 28.) Pour little piles of this substance on a dish and allow them to dry for a few hours. Heat lamp may be used as in step 18.

You now have a slightly impure but very good quality DMT. *Do not inject.* To smoke it crumble a small amount of it into some harmless smoking medium such as mint flakes or marijuana. *Warning—Do not use cigarette tobacco. It has been proven dangerous.* Another way to smoke DMT is to rub a few drops of the gooey substance from step 27 into a pipe bowl which has never burned tobacco. Allow it to dry for a few hours. Then apply flame to bowl while inhaling. You will get many righteous hits from one smear. Remember: DMT is a powerful psychedelic. Wisdom should govern the frequency of its use.





TO MAKE KHALA-KHIJ, AN AFRICAN APHRODISIAC WHICH LIBERATES WOMEN AND FORTIFIES MEN

Making love while stoned on khij is an incredibly beautiful experience. All I can say is try it.

- 1.) Put a few oranges in a paper bag and leave them in a dark closet for about 2 weeks. When a powdery blue-green mold covers the surface of the fruit you may begin the process.
- 2.) Sift 4 ounces of marijuana through a screen.
- 3.) Place seeds and stems in a large pot and cover with isopropyl (rubbing) alcohol. (If you have saved seeds and stems from other lids and kilos or seeds left over from hashish formula given in the *Marijuana Dealer's and Consumer's Guide*, these can be added.)
- 4.) Cover pot with lid and heat on electric hot plate for 3 hours. (Caution: alcohol is inflammable. Do not use gas flame.)
- 5.) Strain liquids and store in container labeled *solution A*.
- 6.) Repeat steps 4 and 5 with fresh alcohol.
- 7.) Repeat steps 4 and 5 with water instead of alcohol. Store in container labeled *solution B*. (This time gas flame may be used with 1 hour boiling time.)
- 8.) Repeat step 7.
- 9.) On an electric hot plate outside or in a well-ventilated room reduce volume of solution A by boiling.
- 10.) On a gas flame reduce volume of solution B by boiling.
- 11.) When both solutions are considerably reduced (but not too thick), combine the two solutions and boil down further on hot plate. Lower temperature as mixture thickens.
- 12.) When this combination begins to get syrupy allow to cool. When cooled it should be about the consistency of a thin syrup. If it is still very watery it may be boiled down further and cooled again.

- 13.) Place sifted marijuana leaf into same pot with the extracted syrup. Knead it and roll it around in this until leaf is thoroughly and evenly coated with the stuff.
- 14.) Keeping the grass in a moist, spongy condition, add about a teaspoon of mold per 4 oz. of grass. Knead it thoroughly into the grass; use rubber gloves and when finished be sure to salvage the tars that cling to them.
- 15.) Put the grass into a polyethylene bag. Close the bag so that it is snug to the grass, thus minimizing air in bag. Store this in a dark place.
- 16.) After a few weeks when the grass has developed a sharp ammonia-like odor spread it in a baking tin. Preheat oven to 300 for 15 minutes. Turn off heat. Place tin in oven for 15 minutes. Repeat process until dry.

Khala-khij is powdery and does not pack well in a joint. It is best smoked in a small toking pipe. Are you ever in for a treat!





**The only Indian America
ever gave a Damn about.**

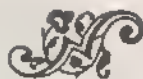
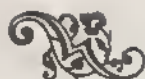


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ABOUT THE GRASS SHORTAGE

You may have noticed the radical change in the grass scene recently. Prices on kilos have gone sky high. But there is more superdope than usual. The reason for this is that many of the courageous men and women who used to bring large quantities of grass across the border have been captured by the fanatical non-smoking militants. Also the Mexican federal police have been paid off by American officials to destroy the fields in northern Mexico where most of the weed ordinaire comes from. Now the underground merchants are forced to dip into more southern states for their supply. This cutting off of marijuana sources is part of a plan of some of the major American tobacco companies who can see the inevitable doom of the cigarette industry in the evolving public attitude against deadly nicotine. They have registered such names as Acapulco Gold and Panama Red with the copyright office and have bought farming lands in Mexico, New Mexico and Arizona. They are now attempting to legalize licensed marijuana and with the traditional supply lanes cut off they will be able to corner the market. Rascals, aren't they?

Well, what can we do about it? Write our congressman? The solution which many Americans have found best is to grow their own.



TIPS ON GROWING SUPERIOR QUALITY GRASS

- 1.) Use dark (not green) seeds.
- 2.) Plant them about $\frac{3}{4}$ inch deep in a wooden planter box. When 2 inches tall transplant to a larger flower pot.
- 3.) Soil should be of the sandy-silty type with low clay content. Do not use a lot of fertilizer.
- 4.) Do not water plants from the top. This is likely to cause stem rot.

Instead keep pots in a tray or dish. Water daily by filling tray and letting moisture absorb upwards.

- 5.) Do not leave plants outside when chilly. See that they get plenty of sunshine.
- 6.) Harvest tops of female plants after they have flowered and begun to form seeds. (The male is taller, skimpier and has fewer flowers than the female.) After harvesting allow plant to produce a second batch of flowering tops. These take another month or two to form. At this time the plant may be uprooted and hung to dry upside down. This increases the potency.
- 7.) Although the flowering tops of the female plant are the most stoning, all parts of both male and female contain some cannabimol resin and can be used if not for smoking, at least for brewing a mind-boggling tea.
- 8.) For thousands of years farmers have been aware of the influence of the moon on planting and harvesting. A good time for both planting and harvesting is when the moon is full and in Scorpio or some other favorable sign.
- 9.) Plants are also very sensitive to human feelings. Good vibes will improve quality. Bad vibes can even kill a plant.
- 10.) There are no secrets to curing pot. If you want to cure it with wine or brandy, have fun!. But it's not necessary.



These are only a few basic pointers. For more information send for *The Complete Cannabis Cultivator* by Mary Jane Superweed, which tells everything you need to know about growing your own grass. Watch for it at bookstores and head shops or send \$1 to CHTHON PRESS; P.O.B. 1S304, San Francisco, Calif. 9411S. Available after December 1969.





THE HASHISH CONNOISSEUR

If Marie Antoinette were alive today and allied with the present-day oppressors of the common man, upon hearing that the people are suffering from a shortage of grass she would probably answer sarcastically: "Let them smoke hashish." Despite the cruel intent of her remark, it is an excellent solution to the problem. Unfortunately many grass consumers are not too familiar with hashish.

WHAT IS HASHISH?

Hashish is the nearly pure resin of the marijuana plant. It can be from ten to twenty times more potent than regular Mexican grass. There are two basic types of hashish: 1) sap and pollen gathered from the plant; 2) resins extracted from the dried leaves and stems (see *The Marijuana Consumer's and Dealer's Guide*, pages 4-6). Hash varies in color, texture and odor. These differences are often clues to its geographical origin. Afghanistan hash, for example, most frequently comes in the form of black slabs or sticks and bears a government stamp. Lebanese hash is sometimes red and fairly hard but more often is blond or greenish gold, very fragrant and easily crumbles into powder. It is almost pure pollen. Some excellent hash comes from Morocco but watch out for Moroccan temple hash. It is heavily cut with pulverized vegetable fiber.

In the hash countries of the Middle East grass is regarded as slops for the poor. Hash is the thing for those with at least a few coins. And remember: the cheapest Middle Eastern grass is better than the best Mexican weed.

WHY HASHISH

For a long time hash was not well known to American grass smokers, but in the last few years it has risen in popularity. There are many advantages to hashish: it is easier to smuggle than bulky marijuana, it is easier on the lungs than grass because it does not contain coarse vegetable fiber, one or two tokes will get you stoned, the high is much

higher than with grass, it is easier to conceal a gram or two of hash on one's person than a lid of grass, it tastes good, it is inexpensive in its native countries and if popularity increases the volume turnover competition will force the dealers to lower their prices in this country.

Present prices vary radically from one place to another in the USA. Pounds go from \$600 to \$900, ounces from \$65 to \$90, grams \$5 to \$10 (16 ounces to a pound, 28.35 grams to the ounce). Hash sells for about \$5 a pound in the Middle East, so you see there is plenty of room for a price drop.



HOW TO ENJOY HASHISH

There are several reasons why Americans have not developed the practice of smoking hashish: Grass comes from this continent and is more available; a nation of cigarette smokers finds it more consistent with their habits to smoke a joint of marijuana than to load a hash pipe. Actually hash smoking can be simpler and more convenient than grass. It does not have to be cleaned or rolled. The most economical way is to break off a piece about one-fourth the size of a pea and put it in the bowl of a small toking pipe available at any head shop. Hold the match to it just long enough to get it going while puffing gently. When lit inhale slowly and naturally. Almost fill your lungs, but not quite. Then let the smoke flow out slowly. Because hashish is pure it does not have to be held in the lungs for a long time as with grass. It can also be smoked in a water pipe. Those who prefer to smoke joints can add a pinch of hash to some marijuana leaf. An even better smoking medium is dried mint leaves. The mint is refreshing to your brain as it is to your belly.

In the Eastern lands people often drink mint tea while smoking hashish. These complement each other perfectly. Another popular tea is made from mint leaves, green tea, crushed anise seeds and hibiscus flowers. Most of these ingredients are available at herb shops or health food stores. If hibiscus is not available, rose hips may be substituted. Rose hips and anise seeds may be boiled a little, but never boil mint leaves, regular tea, or hibiscus. It will disintegrate the flavor. Water for tea should be brought to a boil, then let sit for one minute before pouring over the leaves in a pot.

Hashish is also used in baking and candy making. Many people believe that fresh air is the only substance fit for human lungs. For them I recommend one or two grams of hashish in a small amount of yogurt, preferably on an empty stomach in the morning when the body is not tired. Eating hash when tired just puts some people to sleep. Gentle foods like yogurt help activate assimilation of the hashish.



Here is the recipe for the most perfect candy in the world. It is more practical, more delicious, healthier and easier to make than any other candy:

MARY JANE SUPERWEED'S SUPER CANDY

I N G R E D I E N T S

(available at health food stores)

1 lb. roasted cashew butter
 $\frac{3}{4}$ cup dried currants
 3 or 4 tbsp. honey
 2 cups shredded coconut
 $\frac{1}{2}$ cup ground almond meal

In a mixing bowl blend cashew butter with honey. In a flat tray mix coconut with almond meal. Roll and knead cashew-honey mix in coconut-almond mix. As the cashew picks up the coconut it will become less tacky. When both are thoroughly blended spread currants on tray. Roll and knead currants into the candy. When this is done pieces can be broken off and shaped into individual candies. As such they make a superior straight candy. To psychedelice: knead $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 gram of pulverized hashish (preferably crumbly Lebanese) into each $\frac{3}{4}$ inch cube of candy. 1 or 2 pieces will do the trick. It takes about an hour to come on and lasts for 4 or 5 hours.





GET YOUR FULL WEIGHT

When buying or selling always be certain that accurate weights are given. Weight is what you're paying for. Remember, the tin foil or polyethylene bags that hash, opium or peyote tar may be wrapped in have weight of their own that you shouldn't be paying for. The following is a conversion chart of weights commonly used in dealing:

THE HONEST DOPE DEALER'S HANDY TABLE OF WEIGHTS

POUNDS	OUNCES	GRAMS	KILOS
1	16	453.6	0.4536
0.0625	1	28.35	0.02835
	0.03527	1	0.001
2.205	35.27	1000	1

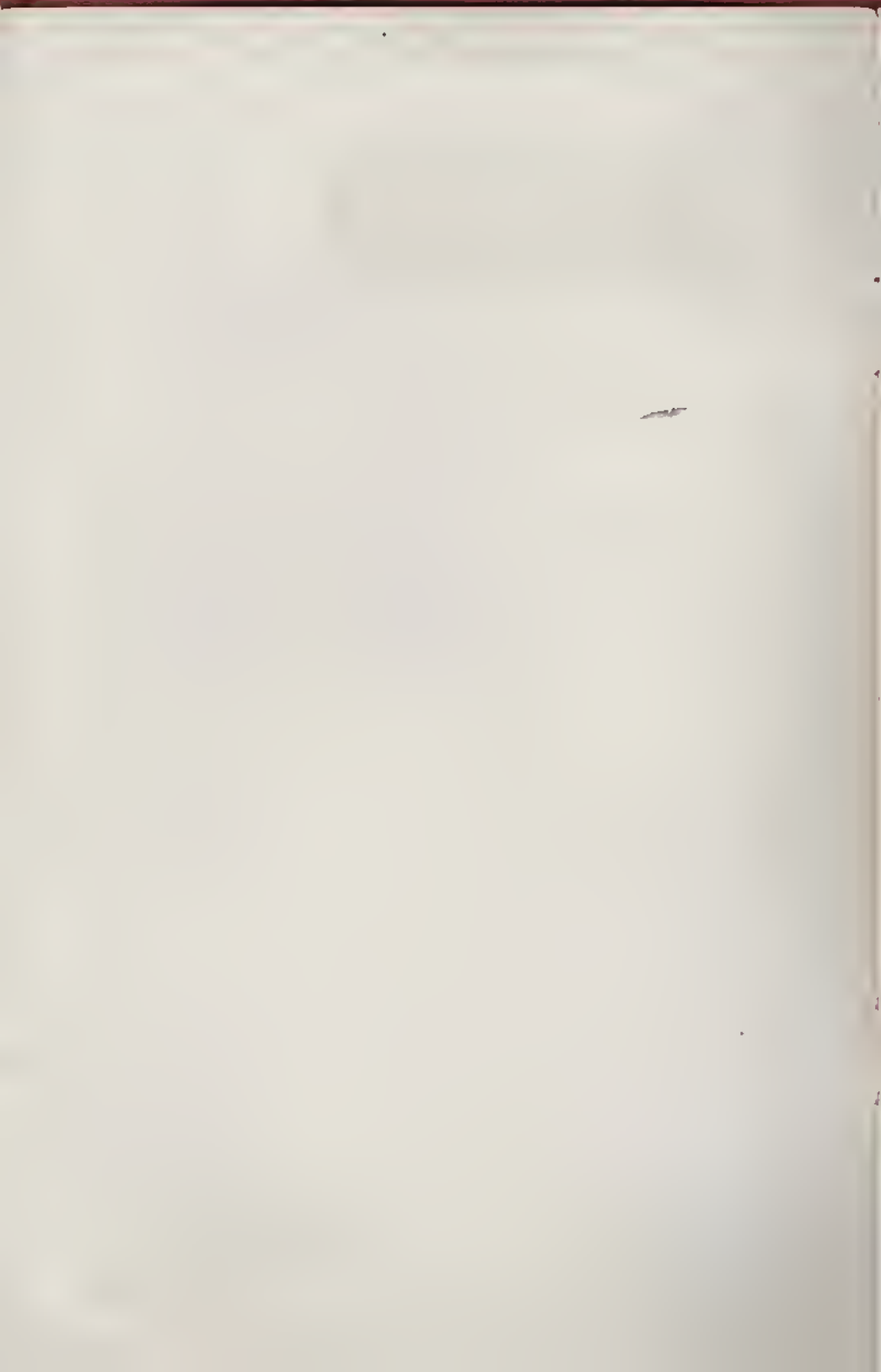
THE PEOPLE'S POT

Authorities at the now historic Woodstock Music Festival announced that 90% of the 500,000 people who gathered during those three days were smoking marijuana on the property. How much grass is that? 90% of 500,000 = 450,000. Allowing a minimum ration of one joint per day per person and a maximum of 30 joints per ounce of grass, 30 into 450,000 = 15,000 ounces or 937 pounds per day, times 3 days = 2,811 pounds or an absolute minimum of 1277 kilos right under the narks' noses, but it was in the people's hands. Have faith. The laws may eventually be changed and the witch hunt called off. Our leaders lag behind us, but some day they will catch up.

May the Breath of God unite all mankind.

M.J.S.





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B1 \$1.50

SUPER GRASS GROWERS GUIDE — The modern method of growing super-grass with information on hydroponics, lighting, special nutrients, producing more females, and more.

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